Rec'd PCT/PTO 2-0 DEC 2004

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



PCT



REC'D 18 AUG 2004

WIPO PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference								
21298 FOR FURTHER				FOR FURTHER	ACTION	See Notification	on of Transmittal of Internat kamination Report (Form P	tional CT/IPEA/416)
				International filing dat 10.04.2003	e (day/mon	th/year)	Priority date (day/month) 21.06.2002	lyear)
Interna C12P	itiona 23/0	l Pate 0	ent Classification (IPC) or bo	th national classification	n and IPC			
					•			
Applica ROCH		/ITA	MINS AG et al.					
1. 7	 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							amining
2. T	Γhis I	REP	ORT consists of a total of	5 sheets, including	this cover	sheet.		
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or objects and/or drawings which have							
Т	(see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of sheets.							
3. T	his r	epor	t contains indications rela	iting to the following i	items:		•	
1		×	Basis of the opinion					
11	۱ ا		Priority					
11	1 1		Non-establishment of or	inion with regard to	novelty in	vontivo eten e		
١١	/ i		Lack of unity of invention	n	lovelty, iii	vernive step a	nd industrial applicability	′
Ÿ	' [×	Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Rule 66 2(a)(ii) w	vith regard	to novelty, inv	entive step or industrial	applicability;
V	Ί [Certain documents cited	1				
V			Certain defects in the int	ernational application	n			
V	1111 [Certain observations on					
Date of submission of the demand				Date of completion of this report				
23.12.2003				18.08.2004				
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:					Authorized Officer			
European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas					Smalt, I	3		September 1997.
Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016					· ·		10.4075	
						e No. +31 70 34	10-42/5	Marga samo

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/03742

	I.	Basis	of the	report
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 With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	D	Description, Pages						
	1-	-7	as originally filed					
	C	laims, Numbers						
	1-	12	as originally filed					
2	2. With regard to the language , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Aut language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.							
	Th	nese elements were a	vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		the language of a tr	ranslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).					
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b))						
		the language of a tr Rule 55.2 and/or 55	anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under .3).					
3	. Wi inte	th regard to any nucl ernational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the inte	ernational application in written form.					
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.							
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.						
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
	The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the distinct in the international application as filed has been furnished.							
		The statement that t listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.					
4.	The	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:					
		the drawings,	sheets:					
5.		This report has been been considered to g	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have to be be some of the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).					
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this					
6.	Add	itional observations, i	necessary:					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/03742

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-12

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-12

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-12

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

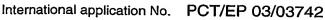
see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

- The following documents (D) are referred to in this communication; the 1. numbering will be adhered to in the rest of the procedure:
 - D1: WO 96 09393 A (REYNOLDS TECHNOLOGIES INC ;BIOSOURCE TECH INC (US); HANLEY KATHLEE) 28 March 1996 (1996-03-28)
 - D2: DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 200346 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class D16, AN 2003-485780 XP002250540 & JP 2002 300896 A (TOYOTA JIDOSHA KK), 15 October 2002 (2002-10-15)
 - D3: BROWN G R ET AL: 'Phenoxypropylamines: a new series of squalene synthase inhibitors.' JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY. UNITED STATES 13 OCT 1995, vol. 38, no. 21, 13 October 1995 (1995-10-13), pages 4157-4160, XP002250539 ISSN: 0022-2623 cited in the application
 - D4: WO 00 01650 A (DCV INC) 13 January 2000 (2000-01-13)
 - D5: ROBINSON G W ET AL: 'CONSERVATION BETWEEN HUMAN AND FUNGAL SQUALENE SYNTHETASES: SIMILATITIES IN STRUCTURE, FUNCTION, AND REGULATION' MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, WASHINGTON, DC, US, vol. 13, no. 5, 1 May 1993 (1993-05-01), pages 2706-2717, XP000604626 ISSN: 0270-7306
 - D6: US-A-5 182 208 (JOHNSON ERIC A ET AL) 26 January 1993 (1993-01-26) cited in the application

2. Inventive step

- The application concerns the application of inhibitors of the sterol biosynthetic pathway in favour of biomass flow into the carotenoid pathway. D1 clearly describes the application of squalane synthase blockage by various means, including use of inhibitors, to direct the carbon flow to non-steroid isoprenoids, specifically carotenoids. Although the proposed application is not actually performed, and the process is therefore considered to be novel over the cited prior art, in the absence of any indication of problems in the execution of the proposed application, no inventive step in the sense of Art.33(3) PCT can be recognized for doing what was already suggested in clear terms.
- 2.2 D2 mentions the inhibition of squalene synthase to direct the carbon flow away from sterol synthesis and towards production of farnesol and geranylgeraniol. Since the latter is the first compound in the pathway dedicated to non-steroidal isoprenoids, and squalene synthase is the first enzyme in the pathway dedicated to synthesis steroidal isoprenoids, it is obvious that application of this system in an organism capable of



EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

producing carotenoids would produce higher yields of that compound. Again, no inventive step can be recognized in the sense of Art.33(3) PCT.

- 2.3 The dependent claims contribute a specific organism used in the carotenoid synthesis, and in other claims specific inhibitors used for the process, and particular culture conditions. The use of Xanthophyllomyces dendrorhous/ Phaffia rhodozyma for carotenoid biosynthesis is as good as standard procedure in the art, and the specific inhibitors used are known to inhibit squalene synthase, see e.g. D3, which is also cited in the application. The culture conditions are also standard conditions used for these kind of processes in the field.
- 2.4 It is known from D4-D6 that organisms completely deficient in squalene synthase activity require sterols to be added to the culture medium for survival. It should therefore come as no surprise that one has to be careful not to block squalene synthase activity completely, but rather to adjust the dosage of the inhibitor in a manner which will still allow growth, yet direct a significant amount of FPP towards the carotenoid pathway.
- 2.5 In summary, none of the present claims 1-12 meet the requirements of Art.33(3) PCT, as their subject-matter cannot be recognized to involve an inventive step in view of the cited prior art.